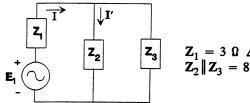
## CHAPTER 18 (Odd)

1. a.



$$Z_1 = 3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_2 = 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}, Z_3 = 6 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_2 \| Z_3 = 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} \| 6 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ} = 24 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$ 

$$I = \frac{E_1}{Z_1 + Z_2 \| Z_3} = \frac{30 \text{ V } \angle 30^{\circ}}{3 \Omega - j24 \Omega} = 1.24 \text{ A } \angle 112.875^{\circ}$$

$$I' = \frac{Z_3 I}{Z_2 + Z_3} = \frac{(6 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ})(1.24 \text{ A } \angle 112.875^{\circ})}{2 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}} = 3.72 \text{ A } \angle -67.125^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{1} \| \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \| 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} = 2.809 \Omega \angle 20.556^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{2}}{\mathbf{Z}_{3} + \mathbf{Z}_{1} \| \mathbf{Z}_{2}} = \frac{60 \text{ V } \angle 10^{\circ}}{-j6 \Omega + 2.630 \Omega + j0.986 \Omega}$$

$$= 10.597 \text{ A } / 72.322^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I''} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_1 \mathbf{I}}{\mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2} = \frac{(3 \ \Omega \ \angle 0^\circ)(10.597 \ \text{A} \ \angle 72.322^\circ)}{3 \ \Omega + j8 \ \Omega} = 3.721 \ \text{A} \ \angle 2.878^\circ$$

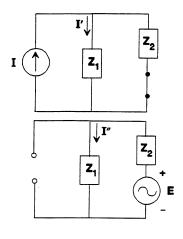
$$\mathbf{I}_{L_1} = \mathbf{I'} + \mathbf{I''} = 3.72 \ \text{A} \ \angle -67.125^\circ + 3.721 \ \text{A} \ \angle 2.878^\circ$$

$$= 1.446 \ \text{A} - j3.427 \ \text{A} + 3.716 \ \text{A} + j0.187 \ \text{A}$$

$$= 5.162 \ \text{A} - j3.24 \ \text{A}$$

$$= 6.095 \ \text{A} \ \angle -32.115^\circ$$

b.



$$Z_{1} = 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}, Z_{2} = 5 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$I = 0.3 \text{ A } \angle 60^{\circ}, E = 10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I' = \frac{Z_{2}I}{Z_{2} + Z_{1}} = \frac{(5 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ})(0.3 \text{ A } \angle 60^{\circ})}{+j8 \Omega - j5 \Omega}$$

$$= 0.5 \text{ A } \angle -120^{\circ}$$

$$I'' = \frac{E}{Z_{1} + Z_{2}} = \frac{10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{3 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}} = 3.33 \text{ A } \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$I_{Z_{1}} = I_{L_{1}} = I' + I''$$

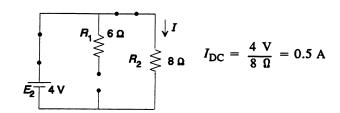
$$= 0.5 \text{ A } \angle -120^{\circ} + 3.33 \text{ A } \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$= -0.25 \text{ A } - j0.433 \text{ A } - j3.33 \text{ A}$$

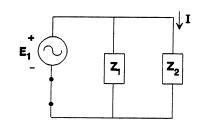
$$= -0.25 \text{ A } - j3.763 \text{ A}$$

$$= 3.77 \text{ A } \angle -93.8^{\circ}$$

3. DC:



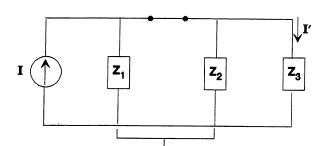
AC:



$$\begin{split} \mathbf{Z}_2 &= R_2 + jX_L = 8 \ \Omega + j4 \ \Omega \\ &= 8.944 \ \Omega \ \angle 26.565^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{I} &= \frac{\mathbf{E}_1}{\mathbf{Z}_2} = \frac{10 \ \mathrm{V} \ \angle 0^{\circ}}{8.944 \ \Omega \ \angle 26.565^{\circ}} \\ &= 1.118 \ \mathrm{A} \ \angle -26.565^{\circ} \end{split}$$

$$I = 0.5 A + 1.118 A \angle -26.565^{\circ}$$
  
 $i = 0.5 A + 1.581 \sin(\omega t - 26.565^{\circ})$ 

5.



$$E = 20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{2} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega - j5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

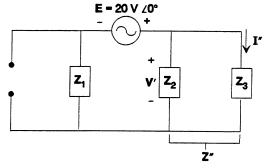
$$= 7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -45^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{3} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$I = 5 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}' = \mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \| 7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -45^{\circ} = 4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -26.57^{\circ}$$

(CDR) 
$$I' = \frac{Z'I}{Z' + Z_3} = \frac{(4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -26.57^\circ)(5 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{4 \text{ k}\Omega - j2 \text{ k}\Omega + j5 \text{ k}\Omega} = \frac{22.36 \text{ mA } \angle -26.57^\circ}{5 \ \angle 36.87^\circ}$$
$$= 4.472 \text{ mA } \angle -63.44^\circ$$



$$Z'' = Z_2 || Z_3$$
  
= 7.071 k $\Omega \angle -45^{\circ} || 5 k\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$   
= 7.071 k $\Omega \angle 45^{\circ}$ 

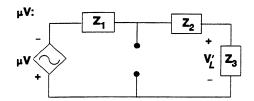
(VDR) 
$$V' = \frac{Z''E}{Z'' + Z_1} = \frac{(7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 45^\circ)(20 \text{ V} \ \angle 0^\circ)}{(5 \text{ k}\Omega + j5 \text{ k}\Omega) + (10 \text{ k}\Omega)} = \frac{141.42 \text{ V} \ \angle 45^\circ}{15.81 \ \angle 18.435^\circ}$$

$$= 8.945 \text{ V} \ \angle 26.565^\circ$$

$$I'' = \frac{V'}{Z_3} = \frac{8.945 \text{ V} \ \angle 26.565^\circ}{5 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 90^\circ} = 1.789 \text{ mA} \ \angle -63.435^\circ = 0.8 \text{ mA} - j1.6 \text{ mA}$$

$$I = I' + I'' = (2 \text{ mA} - j4 \text{ mA}) + (0.8 \text{ mA} - j1.6 \text{ mA}) = 2.8 \text{ mA} - j5.6 \text{ mA}$$

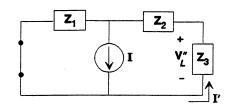
$$I = I' + I'' = (2 \text{ mA} - j4 \text{ mA}) + (0.8 \text{ mA} - j1.6 \text{ mA}) = 2.8 \text{ mA} - j5.6 \text{ mA}$$
  
= 6.261 mA  $\angle$  -63.43°



$$Z_1 = 5 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_2 = 1 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_3 = 4 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$   
 $V = 2 V \angle 0^{\circ}, \mu = 20$ 

$$V'_{L} = \frac{-Z_{3}(\mu V)}{Z_{1} + Z_{2} + Z_{3}} = \frac{-(4 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(20)(2 V \angle 0^{\circ})}{5 k\Omega - j1 k\Omega + 4 k\Omega} = -17.67 V \angle 6.34^{\circ}$$

I:



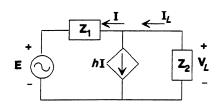
CDR: 
$$I' = \frac{Z_1 I}{Z_1 + Z_2 + Z_3}$$

$$= \frac{(5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ)(2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{9.056 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -6.34^\circ}$$

$$= 1.104 \text{ mA } \angle 6.34^\circ$$

$$V''_L = -I'Z_3 = -(1.104 \text{ mA } \angle 6.34^\circ)(4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ) = -4.416 \text{ V } \angle 6.34^\circ$$
  
 $V_L = V'_L + V''_L = -17.67 \text{ V } \angle 6.34^\circ - 4.416 \text{ V } \angle 6.34^\circ = -22.09 \text{ V } \angle 6.34^\circ$ 

9.



$$Z_1 = 2 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_2 = 2 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$V_L = -I_L Z_2$$

$$I_L = hI + I = (h + 1)I$$

$$V_L = -(h + 1)IZ_2$$
and by KVL:  $V_L = IZ_1 + E$ 
so that  $I = \frac{V_L - E}{Z_1}$ 

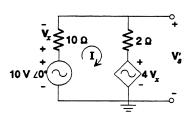
$$\mathbf{V}_{L} = -(h+1)\mathbf{I}\mathbf{Z}_{2} = -(h+1)\left[\frac{\mathbf{V}_{L} - \mathbf{E}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1}}\right]\mathbf{Z}_{2}$$
Subt. for  $\mathbf{Z}_{1}$ ,  $\mathbf{Z}_{2}$ 

$$\mathbf{V}_{L} = -(h+1)(\mathbf{V}_{L} - \mathbf{E})$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{L}(2+h) = \mathbf{E}(h+1)$$

$$V_L(2 + h) = E(h + 1)$$
  
 $V_L = \frac{(h + 1)}{(h + 2)}E = \frac{51}{52}(20 \text{ V } \angle 53^\circ) = 19.62 \text{ V } \angle 53^\circ$ 

#### 11. **E**<sub>1</sub>:



10 V 
$$\angle 0^{\circ}$$
 - I 10  $\Omega$  - I 2  $\Omega$  - 4  $V_x = 0$   
with  $V_x = I$  10  $\Omega$ 

Solving for I:

$$I = \frac{10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{52 \Omega} = 192.31 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$V'_{s} = 10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ} - I(10 \Omega) = 10 \text{ V} - (192.31 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ})(10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) = 8.08 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

I:

$$\sum \mathbf{I}_{i} = \sum \mathbf{I}_{o}$$

$$5 \text{ A } \angle 0^{\circ} + \frac{\mathbf{V}_{x}}{10 \Omega} + \frac{5 \text{ V}_{x}}{2 \Omega} = 0$$

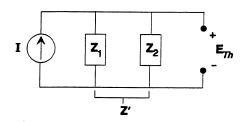
$$5 \text{ A } + 0.1 \text{ V}_{x} + 2.5 \text{ V}_{x} = 0$$

$$2.6 \text{ V}_{x} = -5 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{V}_{x} = -\frac{5}{2.6} \text{V} = -1.923 \text{ V}$$

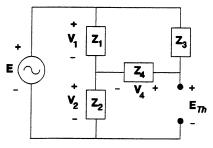
$$V_s'' = -V_x = -(-1.923 \text{ V}) = 1.923 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ$$
  
 $V_s = V_s' + V_s'' = 8.08 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ + 1.923 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ = 10 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ$ 

13. a. From #27.  $\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_2$  $\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_N = 21.312 \Omega \angle 32.196^{\circ}$ 



$$E_{Th} = IZ' = IZ_{Th}$$
  
= (0.1 A  $\angle$ 0°)(21.312  $\Omega$   $\angle$ 32.196°)  
= 2.131 V  $\angle$ 32.196°

b. From #27.  $\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_{N} = 6.813 \ \Omega \ \angle -54.228^{\circ} = 3.983 \ \Omega - j5.528 \ \Omega$ 



$$Z_{1} = 2 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_{3} = 8 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{2} = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}, Z_{4} = 10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$E = 50 V \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$E_{Th} = V_{2} + V_{4}$$

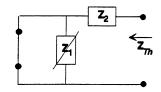
$$V_{2} = \frac{Z_{2}E}{Z_{2} + Z_{1} \| (Z_{3} + Z_{4})}$$

$$= \frac{(4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ})(50 V \angle 0^{\circ})}{+j4 \Omega + 2 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \| (10 \Omega - j8 \Omega)}$$

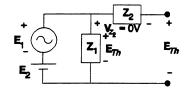
$$= 47.248 V \angle 24.7^{\circ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{V}_1 &= \mathbf{E} - \mathbf{V}_2 = 50 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ - 47.248 \text{ V } \angle 24.7^\circ = 20.972 \text{ V } \angle -70.285^\circ \\ \mathbf{V}_4 &= \frac{\mathbf{Z}_4 \mathbf{V}_1}{\mathbf{Z}_4 + \mathbf{Z}_3} = \frac{(10 \ \Omega \ \angle 0^\circ)(20.972 \ \text{V } \angle -70.285^\circ)}{10 \ \Omega - j8 \ \Omega} = 16.377 \ \text{V } \angle -31.625^\circ \\ \mathbf{E}_{Th} &= \mathbf{V}_2 + \mathbf{V}_4 = 47.248 \ \text{V } \angle 24.7^\circ + 16.377 \ \text{V } \angle -31.625^\circ \\ &= (42.925 \ \text{V} + j19.743 \ \text{V}) + (13.945 \ \text{V} - j8.587 \ \text{V}) \\ &= 56.870 \ \text{V} + j11.156 \ \text{V} = 57.954 \ \text{V } \angle 11.099^\circ \end{aligned}$$

15. a.



$$Z_1 = 6 \Omega - j2 \Omega = 6.325 \Omega \angle -18.435^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_2 = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$   
 $Z_{Th} = Z_2 = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$ 



By inspection:  

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = E_2 + \mathbf{E}_1$$

$$= 4 \text{ V} + 10 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ$$

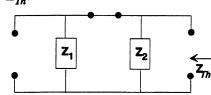
$$I = \frac{E_2}{R_2} + \frac{E_1}{R_2 + jX_L}$$

$$= \frac{4 \text{ V}}{8 \Omega} + \frac{10 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}}{8 \Omega + j4 \Omega}$$

$$= 0.5 \text{ A} + \frac{10 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}}{8.944 \Omega \angle 26.565^{\circ}}$$

$$= 0.5 \text{ A} + 1.118 \text{ A} \angle -26.565^{\circ}$$
(dc) (ac)

17. a.  $Z_{Th}$ :



$$Z_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

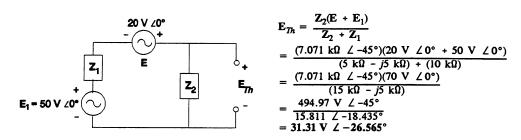
$$Z_2 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega - j5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$= 7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -45^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_2 = (10 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle \ 0^\circ) \| (7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle \ -45^\circ) = 4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle \ -26.565^\circ$$

Source conversion:

$$\mathbf{E}_1 = (I \angle \theta)(R_1 \angle 0^\circ) = (5 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)(10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ) = 50 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ$$

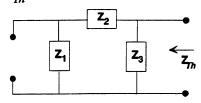


b. 
$$I = \frac{E_{Th}}{Z_{Th} + Z_L} = \frac{31.31 \text{ V } \angle -26.565^{\circ}}{4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -26.565^{\circ} + 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{31.31 \text{ V } \angle -26.565^{\circ}}{4 \text{ k}\Omega - j2 \text{ k}\Omega + j5 \text{ k}\Omega} = \frac{31.31 \text{ V } \angle -26.565^{\circ}}{4 \text{ k}\Omega + j3 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

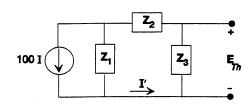
$$= \frac{31.31 \text{ V } \angle -26.565^{\circ}}{5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 36.87^{\circ}} = 6.26 \text{ mA } \angle 63.435^{\circ}$$

19. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:



$$Z_1 = 40 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_2 = 0.2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$   
 $Z_3 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

$$\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_3 \| (\mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2) = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle\,0^\circ \| (40 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega - j0.2 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega) = 4.44 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle\,-0.031^\circ$$



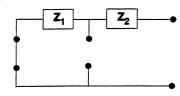
$$I' = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{1}(100 \text{ I})}{\mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2} + \mathbf{Z}_{3}}$$

$$= \frac{(40 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})(100 \text{ I})}{45 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -0.255^{\circ}}$$

$$= 88.89 \text{ I} \ \angle 0.255^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = -\mathbf{I}'\mathbf{Z}_3 = -(88.89 \,\mathbf{I} \,\,\angle \,0.255^{\circ})(5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\,\angle \,0^{\circ}) = -444.45 \,\times \,10^3 \,\,\mathrm{I} \,\,\angle \,0.255^{\circ}$$

21. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:

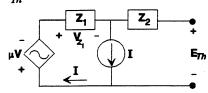


$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\mathrm{L}0^\circ$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_2 = -j1 \ \mathbf{k}\Omega$$

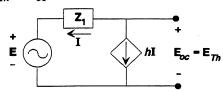
$$\leftarrow \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2 = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega - j1 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega 
= 5.099 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle -11.31^{\circ}$$

 $\mathbf{E}_{\mathit{Th}}$ :



$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = -[\mu \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{V}_{Z_1}] 
= -\mu \mathbf{V} - \mathbf{I} \mathbf{Z}_1 
= -(20)(2 \mathbf{V} \angle 0^\circ) - (2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)(5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ) 
= -50 \mathbf{V} \angle 0^\circ$$

23.  $\mathbf{E}_{Th}$ :  $(\mathbf{E}_{oc})$ 



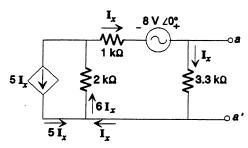
$$h\mathbf{I} = -\mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{Z}_1 = 2 \, \mathbf{k}\Omega \, \angle 0^\circ$$
  
 $\therefore \quad \mathbf{I} = 0$   
and  $h\mathbf{I} = 0$   
with  $\mathbf{E}_{oc} = \mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{E} = 20 \, \mathbf{V} \, \angle 53^\circ$ 

I<sub>sc</sub>:

$$I_{sc} = -(h + 1)I$$
  
=  $-(h + 1)(10 \text{ mA } \angle 53^{\circ})$   
=  $-510 \text{ mA } \angle 53^{\circ}$ 

$$Z_{Th} = \frac{E_{oc}}{I_{sc}} = \frac{20 \text{ V } \angle 53^{\circ}}{-510 \text{ mA } \angle 53^{\circ}} = -39.215 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

25.  $\mathbf{E}_{oc}$ :  $(\mathbf{E}_{Th})$ 

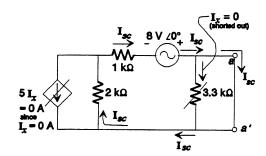


KVL: 
$$-6 I_x(2 k\Omega) - I_x(1 k\Omega) + 8 V \angle 0^{\circ} - I_x(3.3 k\Omega) = 0$$

$$I_x = \frac{8 V \angle 0^{\circ}}{16.3 k\Omega} = 0.491 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

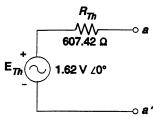
$$E_{oc} = E_{Th} = I_x(3.3 k\Omega) = 1.62 V \angle 0^{\circ}$$

 $I_{sc}$ :

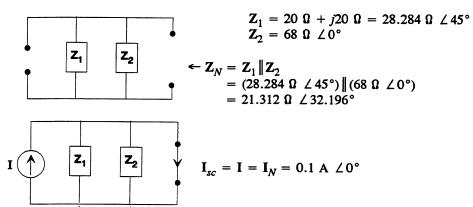


$$I_{sc} = \frac{8 \text{ V}}{3 \text{ k}\Omega} = 2.667 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{Th} = \frac{E_{oc}}{I_{sc}} = \frac{1.62 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{2.667 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}} = 607.42 \Omega$$

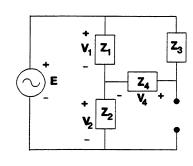


27. a.



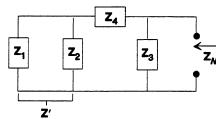
Z' bypassed by short-circuit

b.

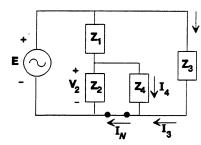


$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 2 \ \Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{Z}_2 = 4 \ \Omega \ \angle 90^{\circ}$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = 8 \ \Omega \ \angle -90^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{Z}_4 = 10 \ \Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ}$   
 $\mathbf{E} = 50 \ \mathbf{V} \ \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

 $\mathbf{Z}_{N}$ :



$$\begin{split} \mathbf{Z}' &= \mathbf{Z}_1 \, \| \, \mathbf{Z}_2 = 2 \, \Omega \, \angle \, 0^\circ \, \| \, 4 \, \Omega \, \angle \, 90^\circ \\ &= 1.789 \, \Omega \, \angle \, 26.565^\circ = 1.6 \, \Omega \, + j0.8 \, \Omega \\ \mathbf{Z}' \, + \, \mathbf{Z}_4 &= 1.6 \, \Omega \, + j0.8 \, \Omega \, + 10 \, \Omega = 11.6 \, \Omega \, + j0.8 \, \Omega \, = 11.628 \, \Omega \, \angle \, 3.945^\circ \\ \mathbf{Z}_N &= \, \mathbf{Z}_3 \, \| \, (\mathbf{Z}' \, + \, \mathbf{Z}_4) \, = \, (8 \, \Omega \, \angle \, -90^\circ) \, \| \, (11.628 \, \Omega \, \angle \, 3.945^\circ) \, = \, 6.813 \, \Omega \, \angle \, -54.228^\circ \\ &= \, 3.983 \, \Omega \, - \, j5.528 \, \Omega \end{split}$$



$$I_{3} = \frac{E}{Z_{3}} = \frac{50 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{8 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}} = 6.250 \text{ A } \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$Z' = Z_{2} \| Z_{4} = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} \| 10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$= 3.714 \Omega \angle 68.2^{\circ}$$

$$V_{2} = \frac{Z'E}{Z' + Z_{1}} = \frac{(3.714 \Omega \angle 68.2^{\circ})(50 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ})}{1.378 \Omega + j3.448 \Omega + 2 \Omega}$$

$$= \frac{185.7 \text{ V } \angle 68.2^{\circ}}{4.827 \angle 45.588^{\circ}} = 38.471 \text{ V } \angle 22.612^{\circ}$$

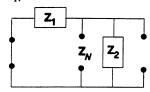
$$I_4 = \frac{\mathbf{V}_2}{\mathbf{Z}_4} = \frac{38.471 \text{ V } \angle 22.612^{\circ}}{10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}} = 3.847 \text{ A } \angle 22.612^{\circ}$$

$$I_N = I_3 + I_4 = 6.250 \text{ A } \angle 90^{\circ} + 3.847 \text{ A } \angle 22.612^{\circ}$$

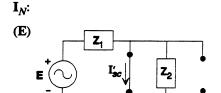
$$= +j6.25 \text{ A} + 3.551 \text{ A} + j1.479 \text{ A} = 3.551 \text{ A} + j7.729 \text{ A}$$

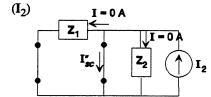
$$= 8.506 \text{ A } \angle 65.324^{\circ}$$

29. a. **Z**<sub>N</sub>:



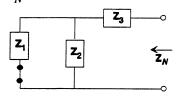
$$\begin{split} \mathbf{E} &= 20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{I}_{2} = 0.4 \text{ A } \angle 20^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{Z}_{1} &= 6 \Omega + j8 \Omega = 10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{Z}_{2} &= 9 \Omega - j12 \Omega = 15 \Omega \angle -53.13^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{Z}_{N} &= \mathbf{Z}_{1} \| \mathbf{Z}_{2} = (10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}) \| (15 \Omega \angle -53.13^{\circ}) \\ &= 9.66 \Omega \angle 14.93^{\circ} \end{split}$$





$$I'_{sc} = E/Z_1 = 20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}/10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}$$
  $I''_{sc} = I_2 = 0.4 \text{ A } \angle 20^{\circ}$   
= 2 A  $\angle -53.13^{\circ}$   
 $I_N = I'_{sc} + I''_{sc} = 2\text{A } \angle -53.13^{\circ} + 0.4 \text{ A } \angle 20^{\circ}$   
= 2.15 A  $\angle -42.87^{\circ}$ 

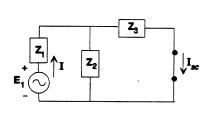
b. **Z**<sub>N</sub>:



$$E_1 = 120 \text{ V } \angle 30^{\circ}, Z_1 = 3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_2 = 8 \Omega - j8 \Omega, Z_3 = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$ 

$$\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_3 + \mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_2$$
  
=  $4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} + (3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) \| (8 \Omega - j8 \Omega)$   
=  $4.37 \Omega \angle 55.67^{\circ} = 2.465 \Omega + j3.61 \Omega$ 

 $\mathbf{I}_{N}$ :



$$I = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{1}}{\mathbf{Z}_{T}} = \frac{120 \text{ V } \angle 30^{\circ}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2} \| \mathbf{Z}_{3}}$$

$$= \frac{120 \text{ V } \angle 30^{\circ}}{3 \Omega + (8 \Omega - j8 \Omega) \| 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}}$$

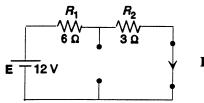
$$= \frac{120 \text{ V } \angle 30^{\circ}}{6.65 \Omega \angle 46.22^{\circ}}$$

$$= 18.05 \text{ A } \angle -16.22^{\circ}$$

$$I_{sc} = I_N = \frac{Z_2(I)}{Z_2 + Z_3} = \frac{(8 \Omega - j8 \Omega)(18.05 \text{ A } \angle -16.22^\circ)}{8 \Omega - j8 \Omega + j4 \Omega} = 22.83 \text{ A } \angle -34.65^\circ$$

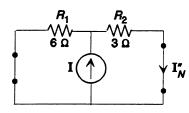
31. a. From #15 
$$\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 9 \Omega \angle 0^\circ$$

DC:



$$I'_N = \frac{E}{R_T} = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{9 \Omega} = 1.333 \text{ A}$$

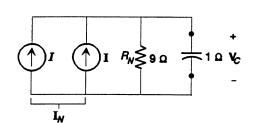
AC:



$$I''_{N} = \frac{R_{1}I}{R_{1} + R_{2}} = \frac{(6 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(4 A \angle 0^{\circ})}{9 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}}$$
$$= \frac{24 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{9 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}} = 2.667 \text{ A } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I_N = 1.333 \text{ A} + 2.667 \text{ A} \angle 0^\circ$$

b.

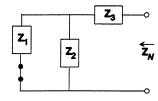


DC: 
$$V_C = IR$$
  
= (1.333 A)(9  $\Omega$ )  
= 12 V

AC: 
$$\mathbf{Z}' = 9 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \| 1 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$
  
= 0.994  $\Omega \angle -83.66^{\circ}$ 

$$V_C = IZ' = (2.667 \text{ A } \angle 0^\circ)(0.994 \Omega \angle -83.66^\circ)$$
  
= 2.65 V \angle -83.66^\circ  
 $V_C = 12 \text{ V} + 2.65 \text{ V } \angle -83.66^\circ$ 

33.  $\mathbf{Z}_{N}$ :



$$\mathbf{Z}_{1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
 $\mathbf{Z}_{3} = -j1 \text{ k}\Omega$ 
 $\mathbf{Z}_{N} = \mathbf{Z}_{3} + \mathbf{Z}_{1} \| \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega - j1 \text{ k}\Omega$ 
 $= 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -11.31^{\circ}$ 

 $I_N$ :

$$Z_1$$
 $Z_2$ 
 $V_2$ 
 $Z_2$ 
 $V_3$ 
 $V_4$ 
 $V_5$ 
 $V_5$ 

$$V_{2} = \frac{-(\mathbf{Z}_{2} \| \mathbf{Z}_{3})20 \text{ V}}{(\mathbf{Z}_{2} \| \mathbf{Z}_{3}) + \mathbf{Z}_{1}}$$

$$= \frac{-(0.995 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -84.29^{\circ})(20 \text{ V})}{0.1 \text{ k}\Omega - j0.99 \text{ k}\Omega + 10 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$V_{2} = -1.961 \text{ V} \angle -78.69^{\circ}$$

$$I_N = I_{sc} = \frac{V_2}{Z_3} = \frac{-1.961 \text{ V } \angle -78.69^{\circ}}{1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}} = -1.961 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V } \angle 11.31^{\circ}$$

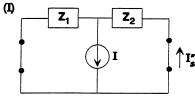
35. 
$$\mathbf{Z}_{N}$$
:
$$\mathbf{Z}_{1} = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\,\angle 0^{\circ}, \, \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 1 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\,\angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{N} = \mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega - j1 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$$

$$= 5.1 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\,\angle -11.31^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_{N}$$
:
$$\mathbf{I}_{N} = \underline{\mu} = \underline{\mu}$$

$$I'_{sc} = \frac{\mu V}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{(20)(2 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{5.1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -11.31^\circ}$$
  
= 7.843 mA \(\angle 11.31^\circ\)



$$I''_{sc} = \frac{Z_1(I)}{Z_1 + Z_2}$$

$$= \frac{(5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ)(2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{5.1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -11.31^\circ}$$

$$= 1.96 \text{ mA } \angle 11.31^\circ$$

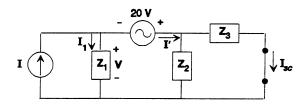
 $I_N = I'_{sc} + I''_{sc} = 7.843 \text{ mA } \angle 11.31^\circ + 1.96 \text{ mA } \angle 11.31^\circ = 9.81 \text{ mA } \angle 11.31^\circ$ 

37.

$$I = I_1 + I_2, I_1 = \frac{V}{Z_1} = \frac{E_{oc}}{21 Z_1}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_{2} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{oc}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}}, \quad \mathbf{I} = \mathbf{I}_{1} + \mathbf{I}_{2} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{oc}}{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1}} + \frac{\mathbf{E}_{oc}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}} = \mathbf{E}_{oc} \left[ \frac{1}{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1}} + \frac{1}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}} \right]$$
$$\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{E}_{oc} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{2} + 21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1}}{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1} \mathbf{Z}_{2}} \right]$$

and 
$$\mathbf{E}_{oc} = \frac{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_1 \mathbf{Z}_2 \mathbf{I}}{\mathbf{Z}_2 + 21 \ \mathbf{Z}_1} = \frac{(21)(1 \ k\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})(3 \ k\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})(2 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ})}{3 \ k\Omega + 21(1 \ k\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})}$$
  
 $\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{E}_{oc} = 5.25 \ \mathbf{V} \ \angle 0^{\circ}$ 



$$I_{sc} = \frac{V_3}{Z_3} = \frac{21 \text{ V}}{Z_3} \Rightarrow V = \frac{Z_3}{21}I_{sc}$$

$$V = I_1Z_1$$

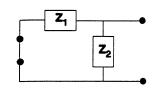
$$I = I_1 + I'$$

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{I}_{sc} &= \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{2}\mathbf{I}'}{\mathbf{Z}_{2} + \mathbf{Z}_{3}} \Rightarrow \mathbf{I}' = \left[\frac{\mathbf{Z}_{2} + \mathbf{Z}_{3}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}}\right] \mathbf{I}_{sc} \\ \mathbf{I} &= \mathbf{I}_{1} + \mathbf{I}' = \frac{\mathbf{V}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1}} + \left[\frac{\mathbf{Z}_{2} + \mathbf{Z}_{3}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}}\right] \mathbf{I}_{sc} = \left[\frac{\mathbf{Z}_{3}}{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1}} + \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{2} + \mathbf{Z}_{3}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}}\right] \mathbf{I}_{sc} \\ \mathbf{I}_{sc} &= \frac{\mathbf{I}}{\frac{\mathbf{Z}_{3}}{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_{1}} + \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{3} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}}{\mathbf{Z}_{2}}} = \frac{2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}}{\frac{4 \text{ k}\Omega}{21 \ \text{k}\Omega} + \frac{7 \text{ k}\Omega}{3 \text{ k}\Omega}} = 0.792 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ} \end{split}$$

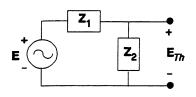
∴ 
$$I_N = 0.792 \text{ mA } ∠0^\circ$$

$$Z_N = \frac{E_{oc}}{I_{sc}} = \frac{5.25 \text{ V } ∠0^\circ}{0.792 \text{ mA } ∠0^\circ} = 6.63 \text{ kΩ } ∠0^\circ$$

39. a.



$$Z_1 = 3 \Omega + j4 \Omega, Z_2 = -j6 \Omega$$
  
 $\leftarrow Z_{Th} = Z_1 || Z_2$   
 $= 5 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ} || 6 \Omega \angle -9$   
 $= 8.32 \Omega \angle -3.18^{\circ}$   
 $Z_L = 8.32 \Omega \angle 3.18^{\circ} = 8.31 \Omega - j0.462 \Omega$ 



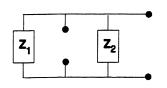
$$E_{Th} = \frac{Z_2 E}{Z_2 + Z_1}$$

$$= \frac{(6 \Omega \angle -90^\circ)(120 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{3.61 \Omega \angle -33.69^\circ}$$

$$= 199.45 \text{ V } \angle -56.31^\circ$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^2}{4R_{Th}} = \frac{(199.45 \text{ V})^2}{4(8.31 \Omega)} = 1198.2 \text{ W}$$

b.



$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 3 \Omega + j4 \Omega = 5 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_2 = 2 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leftarrow \mathbf{Z}_{N} = \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_{1} \| \mathbf{Z}_{2} \\
&= 5 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ} \| 2 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \\
&= \frac{10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}}{2 + 3 + j4} \\
&= \frac{10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}}{5 + j4} \\
&= \frac{10 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}}{6.403 \angle 38.66^{\circ}} \\
&= 1.562 \Omega \angle 14.47^{\circ} \\
&= 1.512 \Omega + j0.39 \Omega \\
\mathbf{Z}_{L} = 1.512 \Omega - j0.39 \Omega
\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{I}(\mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_2)$$
  
=  $(2 \text{ A } \angle 30^\circ)(1.562 \Omega \angle 14.47^\circ)$   
=  $3.124 \text{ V } \angle 44.47^\circ$ 

$$= 3.124 \text{ V } \angle 44.47^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{E_{Th}^{2}}{4R_{Th}} = \frac{(3.124 \text{ V})^{2}}{4(1.512 \Omega)} = 1.614 \text{ W}$$

41. 
$$I = \frac{E \angle 0^{\circ}}{R_{1} \angle 0^{\circ}} = \frac{1 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}} = 1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{Th} = 40 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$E_{Th} = (50 \text{ I})(40 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) = (50)(1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ})(40 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) = 2000 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^{2}}{4R_{Th}} = \frac{(2 \text{ kV})^{2}}{4(40 \text{ k}\Omega)} = 25 \text{ W}$$

43. From #16,  $\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 9 \Omega$ ,  $\mathbf{E}_{Th} = 12 \text{ V} + 24 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

a. 
$$\therefore Z_L = 9 \Omega$$

b. 
$$P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^2}{4R_{Th}} = \frac{(12 \text{ V})^2}{4(9 \Omega)} + \frac{(24 \text{ V})^2}{4(9 \Omega)} = 4 \text{ W} + 16 \text{ W} = 20 \text{ W}$$
or 
$$E_{Th} = \sqrt{V_0^2 + V_{\text{leff}}^2} = 26.833 \text{ V}$$
and 
$$P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^2}{4R_{Th}} = \frac{(26.833 \text{ V})^2}{4(9 \Omega)} = 20 \text{ W}$$

45. a. 
$$Z_{Th} = 2 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \| 2 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ} = 1 k\Omega - j1 k\Omega$$

$$R_{L} = \sqrt{R_{Th}^{2} + (X_{Th} + X_{Load})^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1 k\Omega)^{2} + (-1 k\Omega + 2 k\Omega)^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1 k\Omega)^{2} + (1 k\Omega)^{2}}$$

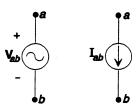
$$= 1.414 k\Omega$$

b. 
$$R_{\text{av}} = (R_{Th} + R_{\text{Load}})/2 = (1 \text{ k}\Omega + 1.414 \text{ k}\Omega)/2 = 1.207 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^2}{4R_{\text{av}}} = \frac{(50 \text{ V})^2}{4(1.207 \text{ k}\Omega)} = \textbf{0.518 W}$$

47. 
$$I_{ab} = \frac{(4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(4 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ})}{4 \text{ k}\Omega + 8 \text{ k}\Omega} = 1.333 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$V_{ab} = (I_{ab})(8 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) = 10.67 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$



49.

$$I_1$$
  $I_2$   $I_2$   $I_3$   $I_3$ 

$$I_{1} = \frac{100 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}} = 50 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I_{2} = \frac{50 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}}$$

$$= 12.5 \text{ mA } \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{1} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{2} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{3} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$I_{T} = I_{1} - I_{2} = (50 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ} - 12.5 \text{ mA } \angle -90^{\circ}) = 50 \text{ mA} + j12.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$= 51.54 \text{ mA } \angle 14.04^{\circ}$$

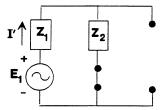
$$Z' = Z_{1} \| Z_{2} = (2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}) \| (4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}) = 1.79 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 26.57^{\circ}$$

$$I_{C} = \frac{Z'I_{T}}{Z' + Z_{3}} = \frac{(1.79 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 26.57^{\circ})(51.54 \text{ mA } \angle 14.04^{\circ})}{1.6 \text{ k}\Omega + j0.8 \text{ k}\Omega - j4 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$= 25.77 \text{ mA } \angle 104.04^{\circ}$$

# CHAPTER 18 (Even)

2. a. **E**<sub>1</sub>:

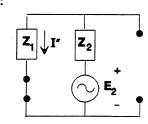


$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{E}_{1} &= 20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}, & \mathbf{Z}_{1} &= 4 \Omega + j3 \Omega = 5 \Omega \angle 36.87^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{Z}_{2} &= 1 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{I}' &= \frac{\mathbf{E}_{1}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}} = \frac{20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{4 \Omega + j3 \Omega + 1 \Omega}$$

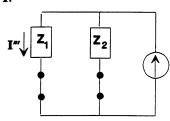
 $= 3.43 \text{ A } \angle -30.96^{\circ}$ 

**E**<sub>2</sub>:



$$I'' = \frac{E_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{120 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{5.83 \Omega \angle 30.96^{\circ}}$$
$$= 20.58 \text{ A } \angle -30.96^{\circ}$$

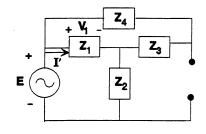
I:



$$I''' = \frac{Z_2 I}{Z_2 + Z_1} = \frac{(1 \Omega \angle 0^\circ)(0.5 \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ)}{5.83 \Omega \angle 30.96^\circ}$$
$$= 0.0858 \text{ A } \angle 29.04^\circ$$

†I<sub>L</sub> = I' − I" − I"'  
= 
$$(3.43 \text{ A } \angle -30.96^{\circ})$$
 −  $(20.58 \text{ A } \angle -30.96^{\circ})$  −  $(0.0858 \text{ A } \angle 29.04^{\circ})$   
=  $17.20 \text{ A } \angle 149.30^{\circ} \text{ or } 17.20 \text{ A } \angle -30.70^{\circ} \downarrow$ 

b. **E**:



$$Z_1 = 3 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}, Z_2 = 7 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$
  
 $E = 10 V \angle 90^{\circ}$   
 $Z_3 = 6 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}, Z_4 = 4 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$   
 $Z' = Z_1 \| (Z_3 + Z_4)$   
 $= 3 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} \| (4 \Omega - j6 \Omega)$   
 $= 3 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} \| 7.21 \Omega \angle -56.31^{\circ}$   
 $= 4.33 \Omega \angle 70.56^{\circ}$ 

$$V_{1} = \frac{\mathbf{Z'E}}{\mathbf{Z'} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}}$$

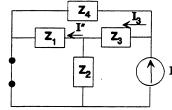
$$= \frac{(4.33 \ \Omega \ \angle 70.56^{\circ})(10 \ V \ \angle 90^{\circ})}{(1.44 \ \Omega + j4.08 \ \Omega) - j7\Omega}$$

$$= \frac{43.3 \ V \ \angle 160.56^{\circ}}{3.26 \ \angle -63.75^{\circ}} = 13.28 \ V \ \angle 224.31^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I'} = \frac{\mathbf{V}_{1}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1}} = \frac{13.28 \ V \ \angle 224.31^{\circ}}{3 \ \Omega \ \angle 90^{\circ}}$$

$$= 4.43 \ A \ \angle 134.31^{\circ}$$

I:



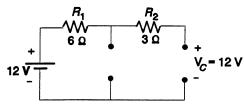
$$Z'' = Z_3 + Z_1 || Z_2$$
=  $-j6 \Omega + 3 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} || 7 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$ 
=  $-j6 \Omega + 5.25 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$ 
=  $-j6 \Omega + j5.25 \Omega$ 
=  $-j0.75 \Omega = 0.75 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$ 

$$I_{3} = \frac{Z_{4}I}{Z_{4} + Z''} = \frac{(4 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(0.6 A \angle 120^{\circ})}{4 \Omega - j0.75 \Omega} = \frac{2.4 A \angle 120^{\circ}}{4.07 \angle -10.62^{\circ}}$$
$$= 0.59 A \angle 130.62^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I''} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_2 \mathbf{I}_3}{\mathbf{Z}_2 + \mathbf{Z}_1} = \frac{(7 \Omega \angle -90^\circ)(0.59 \text{ A} \angle 130.62^\circ)}{-j7 \Omega + j3 \Omega} = \frac{4.13 \text{ A} \angle 40.62^\circ}{4 \angle -90^\circ}$$
$$= 1.03 \text{ A} \angle 130.62^\circ$$

$$I_L = I' - I''$$
 (direction of I')  
= 4.43 A  $\angle 134.31^{\circ} - 1.03$  A  $\angle 130.62^{\circ}$   
=  $(-3.09 \text{ A} + j3.17 \text{ A}) - (-0.67 \text{ A} + j0.78 \text{ A}) = -2.42 \text{ A} + j2.39 \text{ A}$   
= 3.40 A  $\angle 135.36^{\circ}$ 

4. DC:



AC:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_1 & R_2 \\
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$$I_C = \frac{(6 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(I)}{6 \Omega + 3 \Omega - j1 \Omega}$$

$$= \frac{(6 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(4 A \angle 0^{\circ})}{9 \Omega - j1 \Omega}$$

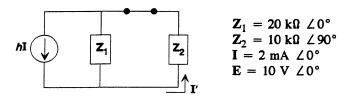
$$= \frac{24 A \angle 0^{\circ}}{9.055 \angle -6.34^{\circ}}$$

$$= 2.65 A \angle 6.34^{\circ}$$

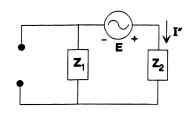
$$V_C = I_C X_C = (2.65 \text{ A } \angle 6.34^\circ)(1 \Omega \angle -90^\circ) = 2.65 \text{ V } \angle -83.66^\circ$$
  
= 12 V + 2.65 V \angle -83.66°  
 $v_C = 12 \text{ V } + 3.747 \sin(\omega t - 83.66^\circ)$ 

$$v_C = 12 \text{ V} + 3.747 \sin(\omega t - 83.66^\circ)$$

6.



$$\mathbf{I}' = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_1(h\mathbf{I})}{\mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2} = \frac{(20 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 0^\circ)(100)(2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{20 \text{ k}\Omega + j10 \text{ k}\Omega} = 0.179 \text{ A } \angle -26.57^\circ$$



$$I'' = \frac{E}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{22.36 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 26.57^{\circ}}$$

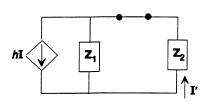
$$= 0.447 \text{ mA } \angle -26.57^{\circ}$$

$$I_L = I' - I'' \text{ (direction of I')}$$

$$= 179 \text{ mA } \angle -26.57^{\circ} - 0.447 \text{ mA } \angle -26.57^{\circ}$$

$$= 178.55 \text{ mA } \angle -26.57^{\circ}$$

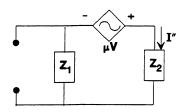
8.



$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 20 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_2 = 5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega + j5 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$$

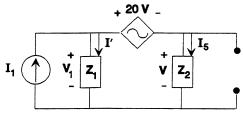
$$\mathbf{I}' = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{1}(h\mathbf{I})}{\mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}} = \frac{(20 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})(100)(1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ})}{20 \text{ k}\Omega + 5 \text{ k}\Omega + j5 \text{ k}\Omega} = 78.45 \text{ mA } \angle -11.31^{\circ}$$



$$I'' = \frac{\mu V}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{(20)(10 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{25.495 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 11.31^\circ}$$
  
= 7.845 mA \(\neq -11.31^\circ\)

$$I_L = I' - I''$$
 (direction of I')  
= 78.45 mA  $\angle -11.31^{\circ} - 7.845$  mA  $\angle -11.31^{\circ}$   
= 70.61 mA  $\angle -11.31^{\circ}$ 

10.  $I_1$ :



$$I_1 = 1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_1 = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_2 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

KVL: 
$$V_1 - 20 V - V = 0$$
  $I' = \frac{V_1}{Z_1}$   $\therefore I' = \frac{21 V}{Z_1}$  or  $V = \frac{Z_1}{21}I'$   $V_1 = 21 V$ 

$$V = I_5 Z_2 = [I_1 - I'] Z_2$$

$$\frac{Z_1}{21} I' = I_1 Z_2 - I' Z_2$$

$$I' \left[ \frac{Z_1}{21} + Z_2 \right] = I_1 Z_2$$
and 
$$I' = \frac{Z_2}{\frac{Z_1}{21} + Z_2} [I_1] = \frac{(5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ)(1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{\left[ \frac{2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ}{21} \right] + 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ} = 0.981 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ$$

 $I_2$ :

$$V_{1} = 20 \text{ V} + \text{V} = 21 \text{ V}$$

$$I'' = \frac{V_{1}}{Z_{1}} = \frac{21 \text{ V}}{Z_{1}} \Rightarrow \text{V} = \frac{Z_{1}}{21}I''$$

$$V_{1} = 20 \text{ V} + \text{V} = 21 \text{ V}$$

$$I'' = \frac{V_{1}}{Z_{2}} = \frac{Z_{1}}{Z_{1}}I''$$

$$I_{2} = \frac{V_{1}}{Z_{2}} = \frac{Z_{1}}{Z_{1}}I''$$

$$I'' = I_2 - I_5 = I_2 - \frac{Z_1}{21 \ Z_2} I''$$

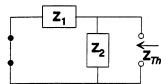
$$I'' \left[ 1 + \frac{Z_1}{21 \ Z_2} \right] = I_2$$

$$I'' = \frac{I_2}{1 + \frac{Z_1}{21 \ Z_2}} = \frac{2 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ}}{1 + \frac{2 \ \text{k}\Omega}{21(5 \ \text{k}\Omega)}} = 1.963 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I = I' + I'' = 0.981 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ} + 1.963 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ}$$

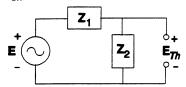
$$= 2.944 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^{\circ}$$

12. a.  $\mathbf{Z}_{Th}$ :



$$Z_1 = 3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_2 = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$
  
 $E = 100 V \angle 0^{\circ}$   
 $Z_{Th} = Z_1 || Z_2 = (3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} || 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ})$   
 $= 2.4 \Omega \angle 36.87^{\circ} = 1.92 \Omega + j1.44 \Omega$ 

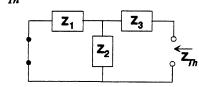
E<sub>Th</sub>:



$$E_{Th} = \frac{Z_2E}{Z_2 + Z_1} = \frac{(4 \Omega \angle 90^\circ)(100 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{5 \Omega \angle 53.13^\circ}$$

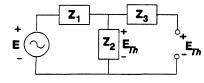
$$= 80 \text{ V } \angle 36.87^\circ$$

b. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:



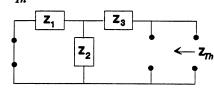
 $Z_{Th} = Z_3 + Z_1 \| Z_2$ = +j6 k\O + (2 k\O \times 0^\circ \| 3 k\O \times -90^\circ)
= +j6 k\O + 1.664 k\O \times -33.69^\circ
= +j6 k\O + 1.385 k\O -j0.923 k\O
= 1.385 k\O + j5.077 k\O
= 5.263 k\O \times 74.741^\circ

 $\mathbf{E}_{\mathit{Th}}$ :



$$E_{Th} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_2 \mathbf{E}}{\mathbf{Z}_2 + \mathbf{Z}_1} = \frac{(3 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -90^\circ)(20 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{2 \text{ k}\Omega - j3 \text{ k}\Omega}$$
$$= \frac{60 \text{ V } \angle -90^\circ}{3.606 \ \angle -56.31^\circ} = 16.639 \text{ V } \angle -33.69^\circ$$

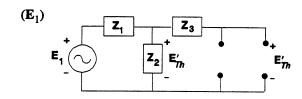
### 14. a. $Z_{Th}$ :



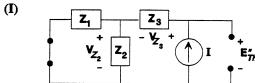
$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 10 \ \Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{Z}_2 = 8 \ \Omega \ \angle 90^{\circ}$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = 8 \ \Omega \ \angle -90^{\circ}$ 

$$Z_{Th} = Z_3 + Z_1 || Z_2$$
=  $-j8 \Omega + 10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ} || 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$   
=  $-j8 \Omega + 6.247 \Omega \angle 51.34^{\circ}$   
=  $-j8 \Omega + 3.902 \Omega + j4.878 \Omega$   
=  $3.902 \Omega - j3.122 \Omega$   
=  $4.997 \Omega \angle -38.663^{\circ}$ 

### $\mathbf{E}_{Th}$ : Superposition:



$$\mathbf{E'}_{Th} = \frac{(8 \ \Omega \ \angle 90^{\circ})(120 \ V \ \angle 0^{\circ})}{10 \ \Omega + j8 \ \Omega}$$
$$= \frac{960 \ V \ \angle 90^{\circ}}{12.806 \ \angle 38.66^{\circ}}$$
$$= 74.965 \ V \ \angle 51.34^{\circ}$$



$$E''_{Th} = V_{Z_2} + V_{Z_3}$$

$$= IZ_3 + I(Z_1 || Z_2)$$

$$= I(Z_3 + Z_1 || Z_2)$$

$$= (0.5 \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ)(-j8 \Omega + 10 \Omega \angle 0^\circ || 8 \Omega \angle 90^\circ)$$

$$= (0.5 \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ)(-j8 \Omega + 3.902 \Omega + j4.878 \Omega)$$

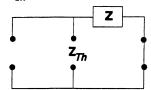
$$= (0.5 \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ)(3.902 \Omega - j3.122 \Omega)$$

$$= (0.5 \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ)(4.997 \Omega \angle -38.663^\circ)$$

$$= 2.499 \text{ V } \angle 21.337^\circ$$

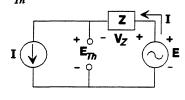
$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{E'}_{Th} + \mathbf{E''}_{Th}$$
  
= 74.965 V \(\neq 51.34^\circ\) + 2.449 V \(\neq 21.337^\circ\)  
= (46.83 V + j58.538 V) + (2.328 V + j0.909 V)  
= 49.158 V + j59.447 V = 77.139 V \(\neq 50.412^\circ\)

b. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:



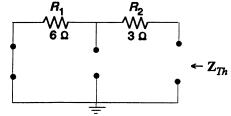
$$\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z} = 10 \ \Omega - j10 \ \Omega = 14.142 \ \Omega \ \angle -45^{\circ}$$

 $\mathbf{E}_{Th}$ :



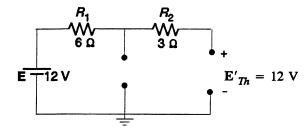
$$E_{Th} = E - V_Z$$
= 20 V ∠40° - IZ  
= 20 V ∠40° - (0.6 A ∠90°)(14.142Ω ∠ -45°)  
= 20 V ∠40° - 8.485 V ∠45°  
= (15.321 V + j12.856 V) - (6 V + j6 V)  
= 9.321 V + j6.856 V  
= 11.571 V ∠36.336°

16. a. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:

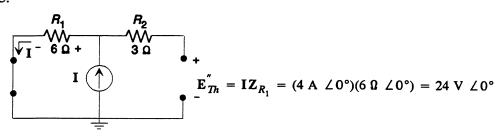


$$\leftarrow \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = \mathbf{Z}_{R_1} + \mathbf{Z}_{R_2} = 6 \Omega + 3 \Omega = 9 \Omega$$

DC:

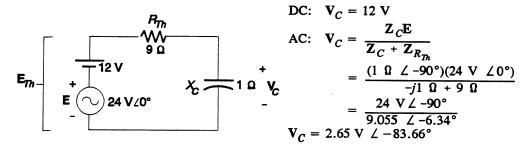


AC:



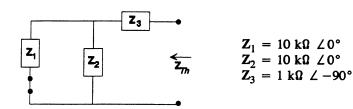
$$E_{Th} = 12 \text{ V} + 24 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}$$
(DC) (AC)

b.



$$v_C = 12 \text{ V} + 2.65 \text{ V } \angle -83.66^\circ$$
  
= 12 V + 3.747 sin( $\omega t - 83.66^\circ$ )





$$Z_{Th} = Z_3 + Z_1 || Z_2 = 5 k\Omega - j1 k\Omega \cong 5.1 k\Omega \angle -11.31^\circ$$

$$E_{Th}$$
: (VDR)  $E_{Th} = \frac{Z_2(20 \text{ V})}{Z_2 + Z_1} = \frac{(10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ)(20)\text{V}}{10 \text{ k}\Omega + 10 \text{ k}\Omega} = 10 \text{ V}$ 

20. 
$$\mathbf{Z}_{Th}$$
:
$$\mathbf{z}_{1}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{1}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{1}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{1}$$

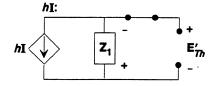
$$\mathbf{z}_{2}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{2}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{2}$$

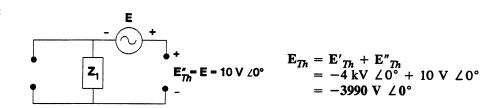
$$\mathbf{z}_{3}$$

E<sub>Th</sub>:

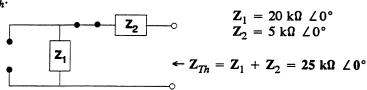


$$E'_{Th} = -(hI)(Z_1)$$
  
= -(100)(2 mA \(\neq 0^\circ\))(20 k\(\Omega\) \(\neq 0^\circ\)  
= -4 kV \(\neq 0^\circ\)

E:

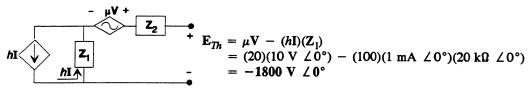


22. **Z**<sub>Th</sub>:

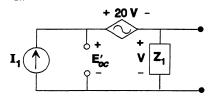


(Even)

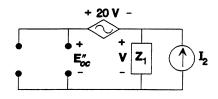
 $\mathbf{E}_{\mathit{Th}}$ :



24. E<sub>Th</sub>:

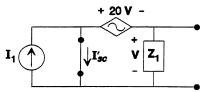


$$\mathbf{E'}_{oc} = 21 \text{ V} \qquad \mathbf{Z}_1 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
  
 $\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{I}_1 \mathbf{Z}_1 = (1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ})(5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ})$   
 $= 5 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$   
 $\mathbf{E'}_{oc} = \mathbf{E'}_{Th} = 21(5 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ})$   
 $= 105 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

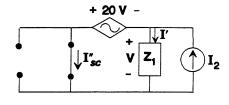


$$V = I_2 Z_1$$
= (2 mA \( \alpha 0^\circ\) (5 k\( \Omega \alpha 0^\circ\)
= 10 V \( \alpha 0^\circ\)
$$E''_{oc} = E''_{Th} = 21 V = 210 V \( \alpha 0^\circ\)$$

I<sub>sc</sub>:



$$\mathbf{I'}_{sc} = \mathbf{I}_1$$



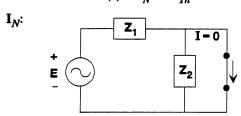
20 V = V 
$$\therefore$$
 V = 0 V  
and I' = 0 A  
 $\therefore$  I"<sub>sc</sub> = I<sub>2</sub>

$$I_{sc} = I'_{sc} + I''_{sc} = 3 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$E_{oc} = E'_{oc} + E''_{oc} = 315 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ} = E_{Th}$$

$$Z_{Th} = \frac{E_{oc}}{I_{sc}} = \frac{315 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{3 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}} = 105 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

From Problem 12(a):  $Z_N = Z_{Th} = 1.92 \Omega + j1.44 \Omega = 2.4 \Omega \angle 36.87^{\circ}$ 26.

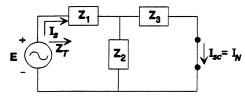


$$\mathbf{Z}_{1} = 3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, \mathbf{Z}_{2} = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_{sc} = \mathbf{I}_{N} = \frac{\mathbf{E}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1}} = \frac{100 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}}{3 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}}$$

$$= 33.33 \text{ A} \angle 0^{\circ}$$

From Problem 12(b):  $\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 5.263 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 74.741^\circ = 1.385 \text{ k}\Omega + j6.923 \text{ k}\Omega$ b.  $I_N$ :



$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 2 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle 0^\circ, \,\mathbf{Z}_2 = 3 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle -90^\circ$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = 6 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega \,\angle 90^\circ$ 

$$Z_{1} = 2 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_{2} = 3 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{3} = 6 k\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{T} = Z_{1} + Z_{2} \| Z_{3}$$

$$= 2 k\Omega + 3 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ} \| 6 k\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$= 2 k\Omega + 6 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$= 2 k\Omega - j6 k\Omega$$

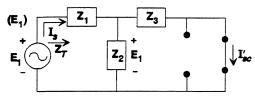
$$= 6.325 k\Omega \angle -71.565^{\circ}$$

$$I_s = \frac{E}{Z_T} = \frac{20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{6.325 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -71.565^{\circ}}$$
  
= 3.162 mA \(\angle 71.565^{\circ}\)

$$I_{sc} = I_N = \frac{Z_2 I_s}{Z_2 + Z_3} = \frac{(3 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -90^\circ)(3.162\text{mA} \ \angle 71.565^\circ)}{-j3 \text{ k}\Omega + j6 \text{ k}\Omega}$$
$$= \frac{9.486 \text{ mA} \ \angle -18.435^\circ}{3 \ \angle 90^\circ} = 3.162 \text{ mA} \ \angle -108.435^\circ$$

From Problem 14(a):  $\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 4.997 \,\Omega \, \angle -38.663^{\circ}$ 28.

> I<sub>N</sub>: Superposition:



$$\mathbf{Z}_{T} = \mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2} \| \mathbf{Z}_{3}$$

$$= 10 \Omega + 8 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ} \| 8 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$= 10 \Omega + \frac{64 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}}{0}$$

$$= \text{very large impedance}$$

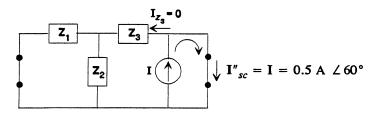
$$\mathbf{I}_{s} = \frac{\mathbf{E}}{\mathbf{Z}_{T}} = 0 \text{ A}$$

$$I_s = \frac{E}{Z_T} = 0 A$$
and  $V_{Z_1} = 0 V$ 

with 
$$V_{Z_2} = V_{Z_3} = E_1 = 120 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ$$

so that 
$$\mathbf{I}'_{sc} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_1}{\mathbf{Z}_3} = \frac{120 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{8 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}}$$
  
= 15 A  $\angle 90^{\circ}$ 

**(I**)



$$I_N = I'_{sc} + I''_{sc} = +j15 A + 0.5 A \angle 60^\circ = +j15 A + 0.25 A + j0.433 A$$
  
= 0.25 A + j15.433 A = 15.435 A  $\angle$  89.072°

b. From Problem 14(b):  $Z_N = Z_{Th} = 10 \Omega - j10 \Omega = 14.142 \Omega \angle -45^{\circ}$ 

 $I_N$ :  $I \longrightarrow I_N \longrightarrow I_N$ 

$$I_{N} = I' - I$$

$$= \frac{E}{Z} - I$$

$$= \frac{20 \text{ V } \angle 40^{\circ}}{14.142 \text{ }\Omega \angle -45^{\circ}} - 0.6 \text{ A } \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$= 1.414 \text{ A } \angle 85^{\circ} - j0.6 \text{ A}$$

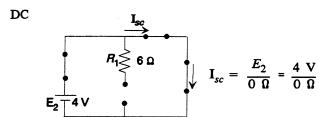
$$= 0.123 \text{ A} + j1.409 \text{ A} - j0.6 \text{ A}$$

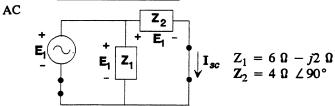
$$= 0.123 \text{ A} + j0.809 \text{ A}$$

$$= 0.818 \text{ A } \angle 81.355^{\circ}$$

30. a. Note Problem 15(a):  $\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$ 

 $I_N$ :

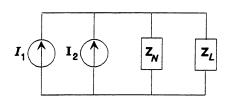




$$I_{sc} = \frac{E_1}{Z_2} = \frac{10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}} = 2.5 \text{ A } \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$I_N = \frac{4 \text{ V}}{0 \Omega} + 2.5 \text{ A } \angle -90^{\circ} \text{ (dc: } E_{Th} = I_N Z_N = \frac{4 \text{ V}}{(0 \Omega)} (0 \Omega) = 4 \text{ V})$$

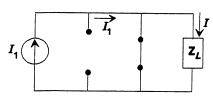
b.



$$\mathbf{Z}_N = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_L = 8 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

DC:



$$= \frac{(0 \Omega)I_1}{0 \Omega + 8 \Omega}$$

$$= \frac{(0 \Omega)\left(\frac{4 V}{0 \Omega}\right)}{0 \Omega + 8 \Omega} = \frac{4 V}{8 \Omega} = 0.5 A$$

$$= \frac{15}{2} = \frac{15}{2} = \frac{15}{2} = \frac{15}{2} = 0.5 A$$

AC:

$$I = \frac{Z_N(I_2)}{Z_N + Z_L} = \frac{(4 \Omega \angle 90^\circ)(2.5 \text{ A} \angle -90^\circ)}{+j4 \Omega + 8 \Omega}$$

$$= \frac{10 \text{ V} \angle 0^\circ}{8.944 \Omega \angle 26.565^\circ} = 1.118 \text{ A} \angle -26.565^\circ \text{ as obtained in Problem 15}$$

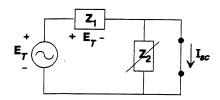
$$I_{8\Omega} = 0.5 \text{ A} + 1.118 \text{ A} \angle -26.565^\circ$$

$$(dc) \qquad (ac)$$

 $Z_N = Z_{Th} = 4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -26.565^{\circ}$ 32. Note Problem 17(a): a.

Using the same source conversion:  $E_1 = 50 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

Defining  $\mathbf{E}_T = \mathbf{E}_1 + \mathbf{E} = 50 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ + 20 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ = 70 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ$ 



$$Z_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^\circ$$
  
 $Z_2 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega - j5 \text{ k}\Omega = 7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -45^\circ$ 

$$\mathbf{Z}_{1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{2} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega - j5 \text{ k}\Omega = 7.071 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -45^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{I}_{sc} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{T}}{\mathbf{Z}_{1}} = \frac{70 \text{ V} \angle 0^{\circ}}{10 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}} = 7 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

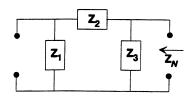
$$I_N = I_{sc} = 7 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ$$

b. 
$$I = \frac{Z_N(I_N)}{Z_N + Z_L} = \frac{(4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -26.565^\circ)(7 \text{ mA } \angle 0^\circ)}{4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -26.565^\circ + 5 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{31.30 \text{ mA } \angle -26.565^\circ}{4 - j2 + j5} = \frac{31.30 \text{ mA } \angle -26.565^\circ}{4 + j3}$$

$$= \frac{31.30 \text{ mA } \angle -26.565^\circ}{5 \angle 36.87^\circ} = 6.26 \text{ mA } \angle 63.435^\circ \text{ as obtained in Problem 17.}$$

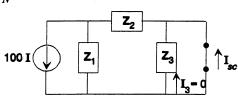
 $\mathbf{Z}_{N}$ :



$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 40 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ } \angle 0^{\circ}, \ \mathbf{Z}_2 = 0.2 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ } \angle -90^{\circ}$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_3 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ } \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

$$Z_N = Z_3 \| (Z_1 + Z_2)$$
= 5 kΩ ∠0° || (40 kΩ – j0.2 kΩ)
= 4.44 kΩ ∠ -0.031°

 $\mathbf{I}_{N}$ :

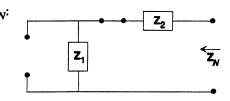


$$I_{N} = I_{sc} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{1}(100 \text{ I})}{\mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(40 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle 0^{\circ})(100 \text{ I})}{40 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -0.286^{\circ}}$$

$$= 100 \text{ I} \ \angle 0.286^{\circ}$$

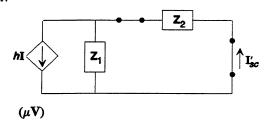
36. **Z**<sub>N</sub>:



$$Z_1 = 20 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_2 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
  
 $V = 10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}, \mu = 20, h = 100$   
 $I = 1 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$ 

$$\mathbf{Z}_N = \mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2 = 25 \, \mathbf{k}\Omega \, \angle \, \mathbf{0}^{\circ}$$

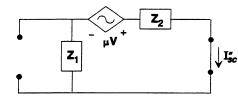
 $I_N$ : (hI)



$$I'_{sc} = \frac{Z_{1}(hI)}{Z_{1} + Z_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(20 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ})(hI)}{20 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ} + 5 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}}$$

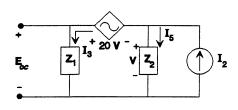
$$= 80 \text{ mA} \angle 0^{\circ}$$



$$I''_{sc} = \frac{\mu V}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{(20)(10 \text{ V } \angle 0^\circ)}{25 \text{ k}\Omega}$$
  
= 8 mA \(\angle 0^\circ\)

 $I_N$  (direction of  $I'_{sc}$ ) =  $I'_{sc}$  -  $I''_{sc}$  = 80 mA  $\angle 0^{\circ}$  - 8 mA  $\angle 0^{\circ}$  = 72 mA  $\angle 0^{\circ}$ 

38.



$$Z_1 = 2 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$Z_2 = 5 k\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I_{2} = I_{3} + I_{5}$$

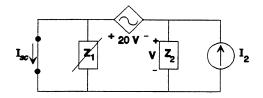
$$V = I_{5}Z_{2} = (I_{2} - I_{3})Z_{2}$$

$$E_{oc} = E_{Th} = 21 \ V = 21(I_{2} - I_{3})Z_{2}$$

$$= 21 \left[I_{2} - \frac{E_{oc}}{Z_{1}}\right]Z_{2}$$

$$E_{oc} \left[1 + 21\frac{Z_{2}}{Z_{1}}\right] = 21 \ Z_{2}I_{2}$$

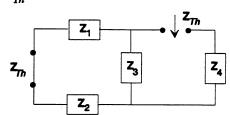
$$\begin{split} \mathbf{E}_{oc} &= \ \frac{21 \ \mathbf{Z}_2 \mathbf{I}_2}{1 + 21 \ \frac{\mathbf{Z}_2}{\mathbf{Z}_1}} = \frac{21(5 \ \text{k}\Omega \ \angle 0^\circ)(2 \ \text{mA} \ \angle 0^\circ)}{1 + 21 \left[ \frac{5 \ \text{k}\Omega \ \angle 0^\circ}{2 \ \text{k}\Omega \ \angle 0^\circ} \right]} \\ \mathbf{E}_{Th} &= \ \mathbf{E}_{oc} = \mathbf{3.925} \ \text{V} \ \angle 0^\circ \end{split}$$



20 V 
$$\neq$$
 -V  $\therefore$  V = 0  
and  $\mathbf{I}_{sc} = \mathbf{I}_2 = \mathbf{I}_N = \mathbf{2} \text{ mA } \angle \mathbf{0}^{\circ}$ 

$$Z_N = \frac{E_{oc}}{I_{sc}} = \frac{3.925 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{2 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}} = 1.9625 \text{ k}\Omega$$

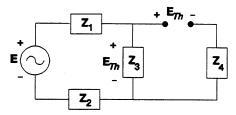
40. a.  $Z_{Th}$ :



$$Z_1 = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}, Z_2 = 10 \Omega \angle 0^{\circ}$$
  
 $Z_3 = 5 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}, Z_4 = 6 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$   
 $E = 60 \text{ V } \angle 60^{\circ}$ 

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{Z}_{Th} &= \mathbf{Z}_4 + \mathbf{Z}_3 \| (\mathbf{Z}_1 + \mathbf{Z}_2) = -j6 \ \Omega + (5 \ \Omega \ \angle -90^\circ) \| (10 \ \Omega + j4 \ \Omega) \\ &= 2.475 \ \Omega - j4.754 \ \Omega \\ &= 11.035 \ \Omega \ \angle -77.03^\circ \\ \mathbf{Z}_L &= 11.035 \ \Omega \ \angle 77.03^\circ \end{split}$$

E<sub>Th</sub>:



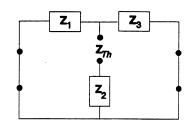
$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_{3}(\mathbf{E})}{\mathbf{Z}_{3} + \mathbf{Z}_{1} + \mathbf{Z}_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(5 \Omega \angle -90^{\circ})(60 \text{ V } \angle 60^{\circ})}{-j5 \Omega + j4 \Omega + 10 \Omega}$$

$$= 29.85 \text{ V } \angle -24.29^{\circ}$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = E_{Th}^2 / 4R_{Th} = (29.85 \text{ V})^2 / 4(2.475 \Omega) = 90 \text{ W}$$

b.



$$\mathbf{Z}_1 = 3 \Omega + j4 \Omega = 5 \Omega \angle 53.13^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_2 = -j8 \Omega$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_3 = 12 \Omega + j9 \Omega$$

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{Z}_{Th} &= \mathbf{Z}_2 + \mathbf{Z}_1 \| \mathbf{Z}_3 = -j8 \ \Omega + (5 \ \Omega \ \angle 53.13^\circ) \| (15 \ \Omega \ \angle 36.87^\circ) \\ &= 5.71 \ \Omega \ \angle -64.30^\circ = 2.475 \ \Omega - j5.143 \ \Omega \\ \mathbf{Z}_L &= 5.71 \ \Omega \ \angle 64.30^\circ = 2.475 \ \Omega + j5.143 \ \Omega \end{split}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} + \mathbf{V}_{Z_3} - \mathbf{E}_2 = 0$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{E}_2 - \mathbf{V}_{Z_3}$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{Z_3} = \frac{\mathbf{Z}_3(\mathbf{E}_2 - \mathbf{E}_1)}{\mathbf{Z}_3 + \mathbf{Z}_1}$$

$$= 168.97 \text{ V } \angle 112.53^{\circ}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{Th} = \mathbf{E}_2 - \mathbf{V}_{Z_3} = 200 \text{ V } \angle 90^{\circ} - 168.97 \text{ V } \angle 112.53^{\circ} = 78.24 \text{ V } \angle 34.16^{\circ}$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = E_{Th}^2 / 4R_{Th} = (78.24 \text{ V})^2 / 4(2.475 \Omega) = 618.33 \text{ W}$$

42. a. 
$$Z_{Th} = 4 \Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$
 (Problem 15(a))  $Z_L = 4 k\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$ 

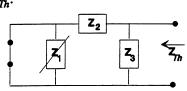
b. Since load purely reactive 
$$P_{\text{max}}$$
 undefined  $(P_{\text{max}} = \frac{E_{Th}^2}{4R_{Th}}, R_{Th} = 0 \Omega)$ 

44. a. Problem 17(a):

$$Z_{Th} = 4.472 \text{ k}\Omega \ \angle -26.565^{\circ} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega - j2 \text{ k}\Omega$$
 $Z_{L} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega + j2 \text{ k}\Omega$ 
 $E_{Th} = 31.31 \text{ V } \angle -26.565^{\circ}$ 

b. 
$$P_{\text{max}} = E_{Th}^2 / 4R_{Th} = (31.31 \text{ V})^2 / 4(4 \text{ k}\Omega) = 61.27 \text{ mW}$$

46. a.  $Z_{Th}$ :



$$X_{C} = \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = \frac{1}{2\pi (10 \text{ kHz})(3.98 \text{ nF})}$$

$$\cong 4 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$X_{L} = 2\pi fL = 2\pi (10 \text{ kHz})(31.8 \text{ mH})$$

$$\cong 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$Z_{1} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 0^{\circ}, Z_{2} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \angle 90^{\circ}$$

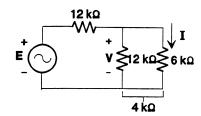
$$Z_{3} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega \angle -90^{\circ}$$

$$Z_{Th} = Z_2 \| Z_3 = (2 k\Omega \angle 90^\circ) \| (4 k\Omega \angle -90^\circ) = 4 k\Omega \angle 90^\circ, Z_L = 4 k\Omega \angle -90^\circ$$
$$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = 4 k\Omega, C = \frac{1}{2\pi fX_C} = \frac{1}{2\pi (10 \text{ kHz})(4 \text{ k}\Omega)} = 3.97 \text{ nF}$$

b. 
$$R_{Th} = 0 \Omega :: R_L = 0 \Omega$$

c. Undefined since 
$$P_{\text{max}} = E_{Th}^2 / 4R_{Th}$$
 and  $R_{Th} = 0 \Omega$ 

48. a.

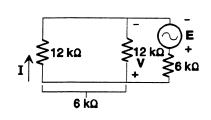


$$V = \frac{4 \text{ k}\Omega(E)}{4 \text{ k}\Omega + 12 \text{ k}\Omega} = \frac{1}{4}(20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ})$$

$$= 5 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I = \frac{5 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{6 \text{ k}\Omega} = 0.833 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

b.



$$V = \frac{6 \text{ k}\Omega(E)}{6 \text{ k}\Omega + 6 \text{ k}\Omega} = \frac{1}{2}(20 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ})$$

$$= 10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I = \frac{10 \text{ V } \angle 0^{\circ}}{12 \text{ k}\Omega} = 0.833 \text{ mA } \angle 0^{\circ}$$